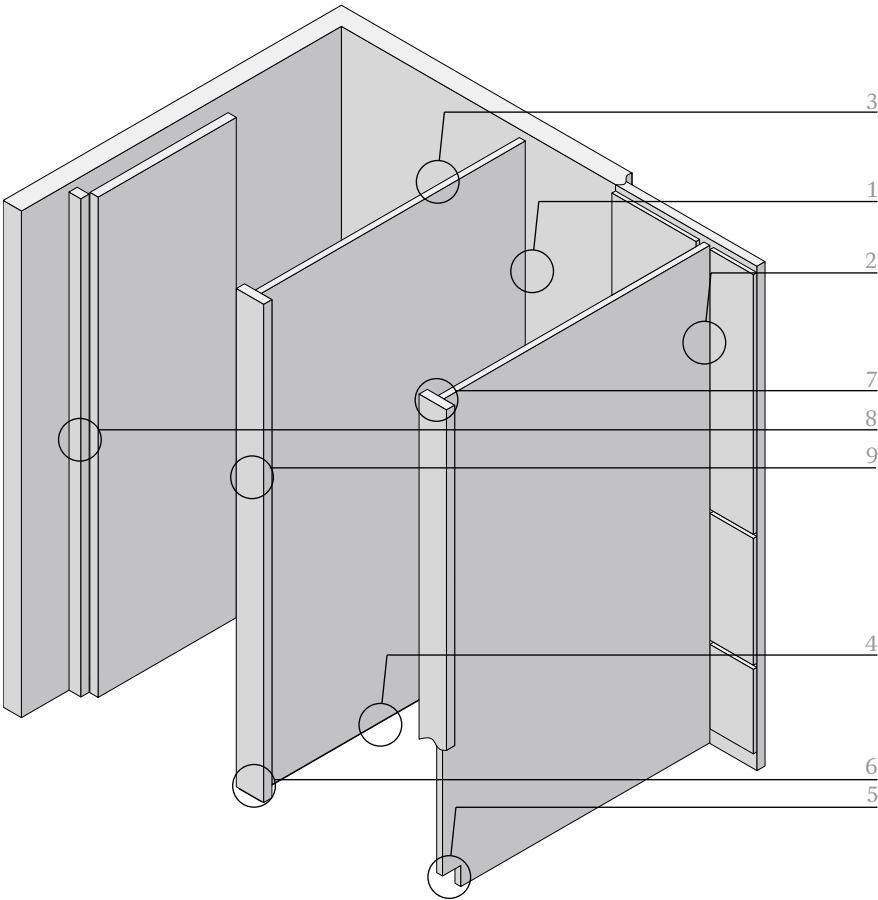
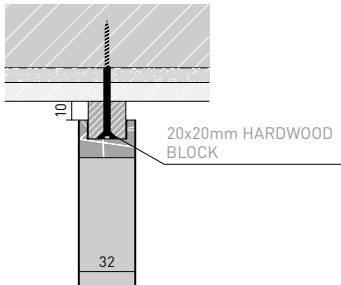


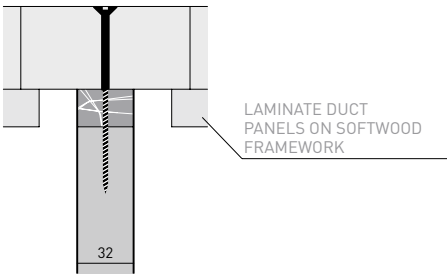
Technical



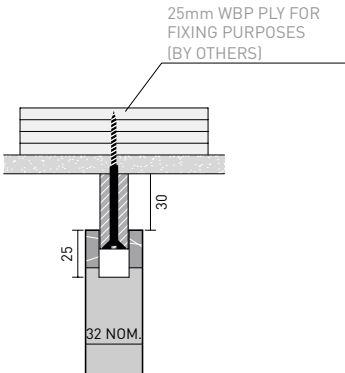
1 Division to rear wall
Supported on screw fixed
hardwood blocks.



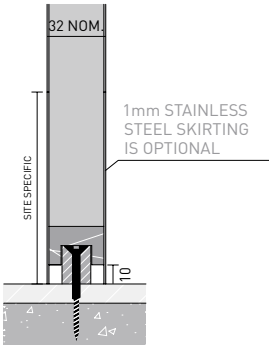
2 Division to rear wall (Duct frame)
Supported using a coach screw
fixed from rear through the duct frame.



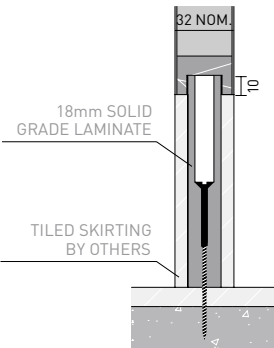
3 Division to ceiling
Divisions are located onto a
hardwood fixing block screwed to
the ceiling (some ceiling finishes
may require plywood fixing
grounds).



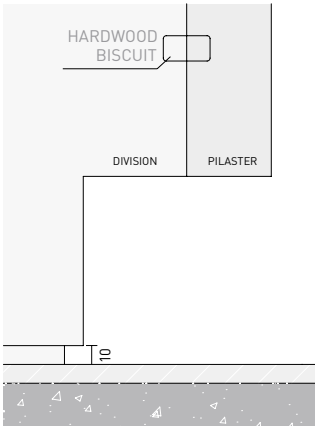
**4A Division floor fixing
on hardwood block**
A rebated stainless steel skirting
option is also available. Standard
floor fixing incorporates a hardwood
block to raise division above floor
and prevent water ingress.



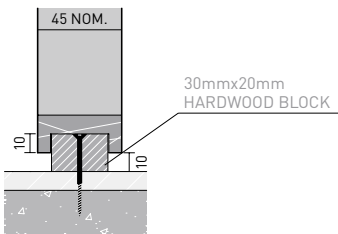
**4B Division floor fixing
to take tiled skirt**
Divisions are located onto a solid
lamine block, suitable to receive
tiling by others.



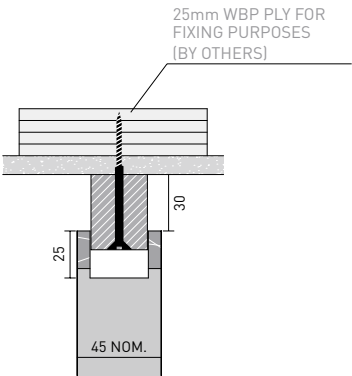
5 Undercut division
Pilasters and divisions may be undercut
to produce the floating appearance.
This detail may also be used in
conjunction with dry lined/block
divisions to give the same effect.



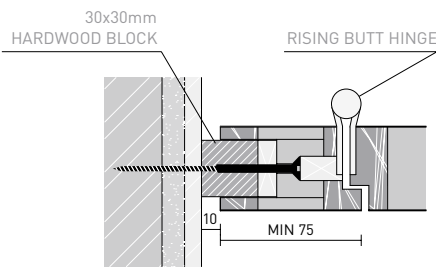
**6 Pilaster floor fixing
on hardwood block**
Pilasters are located onto
blocks screwed to the floor.



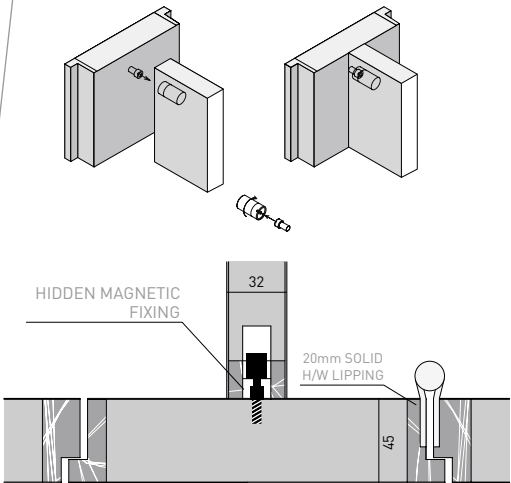
7 Pilaster to ceiling
Pilasters are located onto a
hardwood fixing block screwed to
the ceiling (some ceiling finishes
may require plywood fixing)



8 Pilaster to wall
Pilasters are fixed onto hardwood
block with fixings concealed by
hardwood pellets. Suitable for most
wall constructions/finishes including
blockwork, tiles and plaster board (dry
lined walls will require plywood fixing
grounds).



9 Pilaster to division
Pilasters are joined to the
divisions using specialist
invisible fixings, which do not
disrupt the interior finish.



Key

- Hardwood fixing block
- Hardwood lipping on chipboard core
- Blockwork
- Concrete floor
- Tile
- Plaster