

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II - United Kingdom (UK)

Decothane Balcons



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Decothane Balcons

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not available.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Distributor : Liquid Plastics Limited
Iotech House
Miller Street
Preston
Lancashire PR1 1EA

Telephone no. : +44(0)1772 259781

Fax no. : +44(0)1772 255670

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : info@liquidplastics.co.uk

Emergency telephone number : +44(0)870 190 6777

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

Telephone number : +44(0)870 190 6777

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : R10
Xn; R20
R42/43
R52/53

Physical/chemical hazards : Flammable.

Human health hazards : Harmful by inhalation. May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.

Environmental hazards : Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard symbol or symbols :



Indication of danger : Harmful

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Risk phrases	: R10- Flammable. R20- Harmful by inhalation. R42/43- May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact. R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Safety phrases	: S23- Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. S24- Avoid contact with skin. S37- Wear suitable gloves. S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).
Hazardous ingredients	: 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate
Supplemental label elements	: Contains isocyanates. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Not available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product/ingredient name Identifiers	%	Classification		Type
		67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate RRN: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	>= 20 - < 25	R10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[2]
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate RRN: 01-2119490408-31 EC: 223-861-6 CAS: 4098-71-9 Index: 615-008-00-5	>= 0.5 - < 2	T; R23 Xi; R36/37/38 R42/43 N; R51/53	Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate EC: 255-437-1 CAS: 41556-26-7	>= 0.25 - < 2.5	R43 N; R50/53	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	[1]
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone RRN: 01-2119472430-46 EC: 212-828-1 CAS: 872-50-4 Index: 606-021-00-7	<5	Repr. Cat. 2; R61 Xi; R36/37/38	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 1B, H360D STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. EC: 918-668-5	>= 0.25 - < 1	R10 Xn; R65 Xi; R37 R66, R67 N; R51/53	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 and H336i Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
zinc bis(2-ethylhexanoate) EC: 205-251-1 CAS: 136-53-8	<0.25	N; R51/53	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate EC: 280-060-4 CAS: 82919-37-7	>= 0.1 - < 0.25	R43 N; R50/53	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	[1]
bis(2-ethylhexanoato-O)-μ-oxodizinc EC: 259-049-3	<0.25	N; R51/53	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

CAS: 54262-78-1		See section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	
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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Ingestion** : Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Maintain an open airway. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayedPotential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : May cause eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Harmful by inhalation. May cause sensitisation by inhalation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : May cause skin irritation. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
wheezing and breathing difficulties
asthma
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**5.1 Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
sulfur oxides
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. This material is harmful to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1 Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 100 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). Skin sensitiser. Notes: as NCO STEL: 0.07 mg/m ³ , (as NCO) 15 minute(s). TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as NCO) 8 hour(s).
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 309 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 75 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 103 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hour(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances.

Derived effect levels

No DELs available.

Predicted effect concentrations

No PECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Reference number EN 374. Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes: Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves. (0,4 mm), breakthrough time <30 min. Contaminated gloves should be removed. Suitable for permanent exposure: Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Use barrier skin cream.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
organic vapour filter (Type A)
A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Various.
- Odour** : Characteristic.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 52°C
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Burning time** : Not applicable.
- Burning rate** : Not applicable.
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits** : Lower: 1.5%
Upper: 10.8%
- Vapour pressure** : Highest known value: 0.5 kPa (3.75 mm Hg) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
- Vapour density** : >1 [Air = 1]
- Density** : ~1.3 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]
- Relative density** : Not available.
- Solubility(ies)** : Insoluble in the following materials: water
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : 315°C
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not available.
- Explosive properties** : Not available.
- Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidizing materials
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**11.1 Information on toxicological effects****Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	LD50 Oral	Rat	4825 mg/kg	-
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	LD50 Oral	Rat	3914 mg/kg	-
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : May cause eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Harmful by inhalation. May cause sensitisation by inhalation. May cause irritation.
- Skin contact** : May cause skin irritation. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
- Ingestion** : Can cause gastrointestinal disturbances.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.**SECTION 12: Ecological information****12.1 Toxicity****Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.**12.2 Persistence and degradability****Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1 Waste treatment methods****Product**

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Hazardous waste : Hazardous waste. The classification of the product meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances




Packaging : Completely emptied packaging or practically empty packaging containing dried/cured residues, once relieved of all pressure can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Packaging may still contain hazardous residues and disposal should undertaken by a licensed waste contractor.

Any disposal practice must be in compliance with local and national laws and regulations.

packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID - ADN/ADNR	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint related material	Paint related material	Paint related material
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
14.6 Special precautions for user	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Additional information	Special provisions 640 (E) Viscous substance exemption This class 3 material can be considered non hazardous in	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, S-E Viscous substance exemption This class 3 material can be considered non hazardous in	-

SECTION 14: Transport information

	packagings up to 450 L. Exempted according to 2.2.3.1.5 (Viscous substance exemption)	packagings up to 30 L. Exempted according to 2.3.2.5 (Viscous substance exemption)	
	Tunnel code (D/E)		
Classification code	F1		

14.7 Transport in bulk : Not available.
according to Annex II of
MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC
Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)****Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation****Substances of very high concern**

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.
on the manufacture,
placing on the market and
use of certain dangerous
substances, mixtures and
articles

VOC content (EU) : VOC (w/w): 22.25%

Other EU regulations

REACH Information: : All substances contained in Sika Products are
- preregistered or registered by our upstream suppliers, and/or
- preregistered or registered by Sika, and/or
- excluded from the regulation, and/or
- exempted from the registration.

Europe inventory : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	-	-	Repr. Cat. 2; R61	-

References : Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (CHIP 4)
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (COSHH) (as amended)
Health & Safety at Work Act 1974
Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 (DSEAR)
The Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991

Hazardous waste regulations 2005
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2007

Guidance Publications : Approved Code of Practice - Management of Health and Safety at Work, HSE
General Approved Code of Practice to COSHH Regulations, HSE.
EH40, Workplace Exposure Limits, HSE (as updated).
HS(G) 53, Respiratory Protection Equipment - a Practical Guide for Users, HSE.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 RRN = REACH Registration Number

Full text of abbreviated H statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H331 Toxic if inhaled.
 H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 and
 H336i
 H360D May damage the unborn child.
 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] : Acute Tox. 3, H331 ACUTE TOXICITY: INHALATION - Category 3
 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 1
 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 1
 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2
 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 3
 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
 Repr. 1B, H360D TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION [Unborn child] - Category 1B
 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
 Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
 STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) [Respiratory tract irritation] - Category 3
 STOT SE 3, H335 and H336i SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE): INHALATION [Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects] - Category 3

Full text of abbreviated R phrases : R10- Flammable.
 R61- May cause harm to the unborn child.
 R23- Also toxic by inhalation.
 R20- Also harmful by inhalation.
 R65- Also harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
 R37- Irritating to respiratory system.
 R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
 R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
 R42/43- May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.
 R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
 R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
 R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
 R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

SECTION 16: Other information

R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD] : Repr. Cat. 2 - Toxic to reproduction category 2
T - Toxic
Xn - Harmful
Xi - Irritant
N - Dangerous for the environment

History

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Notice to reader

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.